

Examiners' Report Principal Examiner Feedback

October 2021

Pearson Edexcel International A Level Business (WBS12 01)

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<u>General</u>

As with the previous series, the paper was split into 3 sections: Sections A and B each had five questions, ranging from 2 to 10 marks and Section C had one 20 mark question. It was pleasing to see that many candidates had used papers from previous series to practice their responses and especially to see, note had been taken of many of the points in previous examiner reports.

In general, candidates appeared to be well prepared for most of the topic areas on this paper. However, there were some topics where that did not appear to be the case. The ability of the most able candidates was shown through relating their knowledge and understanding to the evidence presented, whereas those struggling with such concepts typically answered questions with a more generic approach and/or inaccuracies. The levels of response questions required understanding to be developed and applied to the relevant evidence. Although this approach was adopted by some, there were instances where a more basic understanding was demonstrated, thus limiting the attainment of higher levels. There did not appear to be many issues with the length of time students needed to complete all questions set.

Report on individual questions

Section A

Question 1a

There were 2 parts to the question to define the term competitive market and examiners were looking for references to 'a large number of rivals' and 'competing to increase sales and profit' or equivalent. Candidates had to provide both parts to gain 2 marks. Examples were occasionally used by candidates but, as in the previous series, no marks are available for these. Partial explanations were awarded 1 mark.

Tip: Unlike with higher mark tariff questions, reference to information in the extract(s) is **<u>not</u>** required for 'define' questions.

Question 1b

Many candidates were able to calculate the correct percentage change of -31.58% and so were awarded 4 marks. Marks could be awarded for showing workings but these were not necessary if the correct answer was shown. Examiners awarded a maximum of 3 marks if the % sign was missing. Some candidates were able to show knowledge of the formula and/or apply it with correct figures, but then failed to arrive at the correct answer to two decimal places.

Tip: It is important to state the answer to two decimal places when required by the question, as well as to use the correct units. By doing this, full marks can be achieved.

Question 1c

Good responses were able to analyse two disadvantages for Symington's if there is over-utilisation of capacity. The disadvantages could take the form of not being able to respond to increased demand or tired employees, along with any other suitable response.

utilisation do refers to the use that a Capality business 1+S Makes resources business to not adapt Over-utilisation Can Cause a demand. Sinle Symington and anges in using 100% 1+5 Production Capality, they won't O} MEase their time production in Bestler Sudden Faibe demand, therefore wising 10 givin: 9 the and Competition. Since "operates Competitive marker" QLloosing Fisky lan Very due to the low profit mara Such markets. L addetion over - Wilisation 60 tead 10 that loon 70 an Unmotivated workforte, high levely 45 Keep up Such Sinle. at (apa product:on and business ' has to usage, P Work ers Constant work load Ha. 1+5 may very then and LIC.A may and delease a 1abour Since people Symington · employes 800 lons dered bigle keeping (ampany), h. stag and wheathy workloads CUN be inportant bork relies on its mill Symogton ta.... how die

The above exemplar was given the full 6 marks available. Two clear contextualised and developed disadvantages. First not adapting quickly to changes in demand, therefore losing profit in a

competitive market. Secondly, the 800 people employed being tired leading to inefficiency and a decrease in productivity.

Tip: There are 2 knowledge marks, 2 application marks and 2 analysis marks for analyse questions. Although the knowledge marks can be given for an appropriate definition instead of stating 2 ways/disadvantages/reasons etc., it is not possible to apply or analyse the definition and so marks are likely to be limited with this approach and students should focus on stating, then applying and analysing the two ways/disadvantages etc.

Question 1d

This question was marked using the levels-based marking grid. For an 8 mark 'discuss' question there are three levels. Examiners read the whole response and decide which level is the best match. If a response is lacking certain characteristics, examiners move towards the bottom of the level. If it is a strong match they will move towards the top and this approach is used for all levels of response questions on the paper.

There were a varied range of discussions regarding the effect a change in the rate of unemployment may have on Symington's sales forecasts. Stronger responses focused on the ability of consumers to buy more with higher disposable incomes due to being in work and the likelihood of convenience foods such as the range produced by Symington's, being popular with those busy working. These were countered by the fact the rate of unemployment had only decreased a small amount and that the low value (£1) products may be inferior goods which decrease in demand due to rising incomes. Some students misunderstood the question and discussed the ability of Symington's to find employees instead of focusing their response on the effect on sales forecasts, as required by the question.

the suburdian where people are achively Unemplo yment 13 searching for jobs but are unable find any jobs As a of memployment in the a fall in unemployment result the span of only 5 years, it is 31.58% can be speculated that the saves of Symington's would increase. This is due to the fact that ach level of geople employed would mean that citizens of UK would have greater purchasing power due to the inflow of income As a result the when citizens goods and of UK or have the ability to afford goods Soup pasta and demond such convenience tood approved would increase to a result in the Symington's would forecast that the fall in would increase turn-over of the business-Managers 01 anemploy ment

Moreover as a result of a fall in unemplayment in the economy of UK Symington's would believe the that the amount of sales of Synnington's would increase as the demand for conveniece food products in general would increase. This is due to the fact that in a highly engaging economy where chizens are constantly Working, a packaged food product such as soup pasta and noodles provided by Symington's would be of great need to the working population. As a vision[4, the marketing department of symington's could be able to adopt this mindset into persuading consumers consumers to buy Symnaton's & food compared to competitors. Due to the increase in the efficiency of the promotion by Symington's, I would be able to inurase sales and therefore, the for speculators Symington's in Unuge of sales forecast would Ot predict an increase. However the to the fact that nance people people in the marter economy are growing Werms of tinanciel prosperity, the level of expectations for products may increase As a result a percentage. of the UK population may consider food that are low priced to be of bad quality. This could affect the Symington's most popular product Mug shut as it is less man £1. As a result, a part of marked may be cost for Symington's one the growing untavanvalue sales terecast. To concurde the sales threast prepared may would be tavarrable as it is expected to ir increase demand due to higher purchasing power and the idea of adapting an effecting effective promotional act slagar segan which & would infiate an increase in sales

This exemplar is a strong response, which scored Level 3 - 8/8 marks. It fully meets the requirements of the level 3 descriptor and appropriately links the developed points back to the effect on sales forecasts.

Tip: The command word 'discuss' requires a two-sided argument. If a candidate doesn't provide a two-sided argument or presents a generic answer, they would restrict their marks. A conclusion is not required for an 8 mark discuss question.

Question 1e

This was a levels-based question with 4 levels. Although many candidates showed a good understanding of private limited companies and usually were able to provide thoughts about the appropriateness of share capital as a method of finance for growth, some were unsuccessful in actually assessing whether it is likely to be the most appropriate method. To achieve a higher level, clarity regarding the link between the share capital and its appropriateness for a private limited company was required. Stronger responses successfully assessed this aspect using the evidence, while weaker responses didn't answer the question, either focusing on alternative methods of finance or the benefits of being a public limited company.

share capital 3 when shaves of the burness are sold in order to raise finance, there buying the share of the company, and have some control. one reason why share capital 3 an appropriate method is that symmetion can sell the shares to family or friends that the business trusts. This can be more reliable man outsides by ing the shares. This allows symmetime company to grow within the family by layal trusted people. This Anance can be used to open other banches outside of Yorkshire and introduce a larger whiels of toods besides based, noodles, say etc. which can help mem gow as they can expand their consumer variety in different cities and different food preferences. However, this may not be the case as where Amily or friends by the shares they may feel ontitled to take control or make decisions as they see fit. This can go agaisnt what the owner of symination wants and rawe tension and misunderstandings that an strunt the growth of their brand. Andre reson it may be appropriate is because (Family and friends) that buy the shares can people bring in their specilised and skilled information and https://xtremeda

grow for symmeton. This advice from advice on how to owner can experienced help make their growth an through and larger scale planning narkenna Mug shot" ideas similar n the May schemes 25 attraction etc. However, the Angene Share CQDita1 the scale enough for is alwing for. It is a very costly plan to grow as theirs machinery 3 regulard Such high quality ingredients are needed, of tools. and gre needed in different gives premises accross the methods salaries that other finance along with more appropriate for. Such as bank loans or venture capitalists. share capital is not appropriate (Onclusion campane d such as bank loans or bushes angels aption S more freedom to make large scale proved mare funds. c9n raise

Level 4, 10 marks was achieved by the above response. It has a balanced argument which is full of context. It follows a logical chain of reasoning and awareness of competing arguments. It is further supported by a valid conclusion.

Tip: The command word 'assess' will always require a more in-depth development and some evaluation of the arguments compared to the command word 'discuss'. Candidates are encouraged to use a range of relevant evidence throughout their response to highlight their chains of reasoning.

Section B

Question 2a

Again, there were 2 parts to the question of define inflation and examiners were looking for 'a general increase in the price level' and 'over a period of time'. It was important candidates showed understanding that the term refers to price level or prices and not just of a single good/service.

Tip: This question will always have 2 marks available for a definition so ensure that your response is fully developed and is not a vague attempt at explaining the term.

Question 2b

Many candidates were able to calculate the correct acid test ratio of 2.66 and so were awarded 4 marks. Marks could be awarded for showing workings but these were not necessary if the correct answer was shown. Some candidates were able to show knowledge of the formula but did not apply the correct figures, mistakenly including intangible assets in the calculation and therefore arriving at an incorrect answer.

Tip: Although full marks can be achieved by just stating a correct answer, it is strongly advised to show full workings. It may be possible to pick up marks if an incorrect final answer is given.

Question 2c

More able candidates were able to analyse two ways a motorcycle repair shop could compete with other businesses on the island. Most often advertising, differentiation or customer service was presented. The most frequent reason for not achieving full marks was due to lack of application.

D The motor repair shops is a competitive -ch means there are longe amonne of business the same service and product. use advisisement such as Shop a can posters atound the island , it helps mytomory to know about the location and details the business. It benefits shop to build a brand increase promotion soas to improve It's competitiveness. B) What's more, shop can differentiate its Charing an annual fee to customery, the shop to inpreuse differention and this special may to charing tee can be USP toattact histomers. It bring more soles and increase Customer (syalty Compete hitnother business

This response scored 6 marks – Advertisement (K) putting posters around the island (Ap) it helps....competitiveness (An). Differentiate (K) charging an annual fee (Ap) USP....increase customer loyalty (An).

Tip: Make sure the extract is USED to apply the knowledge, not simply copied directly into a stand-alone sentence

Question 2d

Like 1d, this was marked using the levels-based marking grid and consisted of 3 levels. Candidates were generally able to provide a response which discussed whether an increase of labour productivity would always increase competitiveness but some were generic in nature, instead of putting the response in context. Better answers were able to apply evidence from the extract such as discussion about mechanics being able to service more motorcycles in a day as they were more familiar with the customers and the motorcycles if they made use of the annual scheme.

for Labour production to the output produced por worken over a period of lime. Tetty service Centers Centre them worken to be more productive. APgh productivety weeks mean the coetakens at Jetty. Scrufice centre are note repairing a ond Semicing more ve motor cycles a fastans. This would mean Jetty & service center would be able to cater to more customens of in a pewer of time leaving to Maken sales even volume increasing market to share I when coould notice them marze compelitive in the man kot -Highers protubly would mean Jefty service conten could not be need a lot of workens the compared to other pusinesses in the moreket. This would reduce them & labour costs when would mean they can charge lower parce for their sources about attract more eastomens a making them more competitive in the market. mechanics It the workers provite services faster, it would mean a castomens would have to wait less for the motorcodes to be repaired. This would be more convertent for the customens making there . Detty conten ser service

centra more attraction. This would mercane fully calor leating to create a reputation as a business which provides services faster. This cooled inscrease soles and one they could even change higher for this service, to adding them nors competitive. However, in orsten to persease productivity to and warehing Costers Faster mechanics may make meters andes whilst handling customers notor cycle aweer around mescan costs for the bastness IF they damage a motor cycle it would also create a bal reputation as boon bad massage may be a spread by Lustoneus una one discolidio This cooled make the less competitive as the arepart quality of the stander an son fee many be low. Have ver, productivity may as Jetty sensice centre is Prot weffor training to their conter mechanics to be more product it is merecasing training casts for the busideese which would sean trug may have to inscrease prices to orater to cover the costs of training leading to his higher tos their = prod service bring less competifive in the moreket. 0.0 Quenally producted by would inverse sales solume and increase sales anch cooled man marke the burgeness more competitive, but the besines should also this to retain high quality as well.

The above exemplar was given 8 marks out of 8, in the top level, level 3. It has a two-sided argument which uses the extract well and develops the chains of reasoning effectively to link the increase in productivity to the increase in competitiveness. It also evaluates the rationale as to why an increase in labour productivity may not always increase competitiveness.

Tip: The command word 'discuss' requires both sides of an argument. Some candidates only look at one side, thus restricting their marks due to not providing a awareness of competing arguments.

Question 2e

As with 1e, this was a levels-based question with 4 levels. Candidates were able to provide a good understanding of cash-flow forecasts. However, not all were able to provide a developed assessment regarding how its use may lead to success.

A cash - flow forecast is the prediction of the cash inflows and outflows of a business in a given time period. A cosh-flow forecast outlines when there may be ash shortages. This may help Jetty Service Centre prevent cash plaw problems They may decide to introduce money into the business are no monthly installments as expected to come in, fore forexample. It also aids in planning. Cash flow porecasts are used with other methods such as sales forecasts and budgets to plan a companies future. Jetty Source Centre improves their dances of succes when they plan ahead. A cush gliw portecast may make it dear +0 they shall reduce cash from \$ 47 900 that and pay off some of the \$18000 worth of coment liabilities because they may have excess ash in inquation. While ash flow forecasts increase the chances of success, they do not in any way ensure it. Additionally cash flow forecasts have their drawbacks. Cash glow parecasts are time ansuming. Often many businesses much time constructing one. Jetty Service Centre spend to valuable time that and have been spent on promoting may waste services. 175

Cash Flow forecasts rely on estimates as well os predictions . Que to changing or volatile Consumer tastes , the actual influence; soles Jett Service Gentre preducted than their SENVICES predicted values WETE misleading. are subject for ecusts to the owner's subjective Service may manaue (entre too optimista the of 15,000 motord 5.000 This untealistic is affect There nothing ensure the success always uncertainties, Cash FION forecasto Jeth centre's likelchood SUCCESS despite

The response is a level 4 answer and was awarded 8 out of 10 marks. It has good knowledge and understanding, effectively uses the extract and provided an appropriate two-sided argument. However, it fails to reach the top of the level and therefore full marks due to the limited development of chains of reasoning.

Tip: As with 1e, the command word 'assess' will always require more depth and development of the concept and chains of reasoning compared to the command word 'discuss'. Any area of the specification can be targeted by any of the questions on this paper. It is therefore important to give sufficient teaching and learning time to all topics on the specification.

Section C

Question 3

This is the highest mark question on the paper, worth 20 marks and with 4 levels. However, although the understanding demonstrated by candidates was often reasonable, some candidates struggled to apply the extracts appropriately or provide balanced arguments. A small number of candidates lacked understanding of either quality assurance or quality control, or sometimes confused the two. A general discussion about quality did not enable the candidate to progress through the levels.

Quality assurance is checking the quality of the good through every stage of production. Whereas Quality control checks the quality at the and of the production after the good is complete.

In extract E, a business such as lena lighting Quality assurance is a bunchit as they weate light fixtures that suit individual customer equirements. That means each one needs to be checkled through every strige of production to ensure they are made as the customer requested. This will make sure the firtures are made as the customer wants and at a high standard which meets it is reputation of being professional and high quality we throughly checked meaning the customer 3 receiving top quality yoods. This can macause their sales as they are known for making high quality light fixtures. However, it is a very expensive process as Frequises higher skilled specialized state who equine high or salanes. This increases costs for leng lighting.

Quality control may be a good option for CF Gammy m extract **F** as they are a mass padulation company. Theophere It would be too time consuming to check through ever Stage, And since they sell mugs the unit costs are not expensive if one is tound to be faulty at the end of the production process, and the faulty product do not go to waste as they are sold to discount stores. This share that ouality assurance is not always befor than quality contor.

For a busines/ such as CF fashions Quality assurance > A better option as they have a high labour tumover as employees do not feel valued. Exercise And Including Quality essurance will help the employeed toel a sense of esponsibility

and value. Making them work more efficiently and productively. They can include quality circles where groups of employees look at different stages at the production ensying they are high quality and tackling thy publems together if they are not. Quality control for a business such as lena lightha suitable es the 608t a faulty product - the end of the production would wade time and resources that could have making a new light fixture for a new ustome. In conclusion, It is not always better for a business anality assurance over quality control 95 each company

standards that need to be met. \$

Mid level 4 was reached by this response, with 17/20 marks. Knowledge and understanding are shown with a good two-sided argument regarding the positive and negative aspects of quality assurance and quality control. The response is well contextualised, with each of the extracts discussed appropriately in terms of quality assurance and/or quality control. The top of the level is not reached as the response could make better use of quantitative and qualitative information and make more effective conclusions based on the arguments presented.

Tip: This is an 'evaluate' question meaning that ideas needed to be developed and presented with understanding of the significance of competing arguments. To achieve the top level, amongst other things detailed in the mark scheme, an effective conclusion is sought.

<u>Summary</u>

Candidates are offered the following advice and reminders:

- Questions 1a and 2a are worth two marks each and so will need two parts in the definition of the term to attain both marks. Examples are not rewarded.
- Be careful to read the whole of the question. Certain requirements are given which are not always acted upon by some candidates, e.g. only providing **one reason** in 'explain' questions.
- Candidates need to understand the requirements of the command words in the questions. This will allow them to access marks requiring each of the four assessment objectives.
- Quantitative Skills will be tested throughout the paper. These may be in the form of diagrams/graphs, calculations or using the data in the Extracts to provide the application in the questions.
- Application marks will not be awarded for simply repeating evidence in the extracts. The evidence needs to be **used** in the response.
- The command word 'Discuss' requires a two-sided argument in order to achieve full marks.
- There may be more answer space provided than you need to write your responses. This is also indicated on the front cover of the question paper.
- The use of relevant evidence is required throughout and this can be from the Extracts provided or, often, from candidates' own knowledge. The Extracts are there for a reason so please use them!

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